

CCEI: Canadian Centre for Energy Information

Mary Beth Garneau Energy Modelling Initiative National Forum - December 17



Delivering insight through data for a better Canada

Canada a

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Why Canada needs a Centre for Energy Information

- Polarization of energy/environment debates aggravated by multiple and often conflicting data sources
- Data duplication, respondent burden, and general confusion from multiple sources of similar data
- Incoherent data and inconsistencies across sources
- Difficult to find Canadian energy data and substitution of data from international sources



problems stem from data, such as health records and not comparable – a desire by some governn Canada to lock it away – and out-of-date acts or

In the dark: The cost of Canada's data defici

Around the same time, the federal public service produced a set of recommendations that are aw-

government. A report published in November ar servants, including Anil Arora, chief statistician in the management of public data in Canada.

"Managing, using and sharing data will be crucia government is not set up to treat data as a strate





A pumpjack works at a well head on an oil and gas installation in Alberta. Faced with the difficult job of assessing the impact of oil production cuts, industry watchers are renewing calls for better access to robust information about Canada's energy sector. (Jeff McIntosh/The Canadian Press)

A lack of information about Canada's energy sector has long been an issue for those trying to gauge how the system is working — from analysts to economists to public policy researchers.

There are several government organizations that compile energy-related data such Statistics Canada, the National Energy Board, Alberta Energy Regulator and Natural Resources Canada.

But there's no single, official source of up-to-date, comprehensive information on topics related to oil and gas production, renewable energy use, and the environmental impact of the sector, for instance.



CCEI: Canadian Centre for Energy Information

- Budget 2019 provides Natural Resources Canada with \$15.2 million over five years, with \$3.4 million per year ongoing, to establish a virtual Canadian Centre for Energy Information (the Centre) delivered by Statistics Canada.
- The Centre is a partnership between Natural Resources Canada (NRCan) and Statistics Canada
- In delivering the CCEI, Statistics Canada will be an arms-length arbitrator of energy statistics with no direct ministerial involvement in methodological or technical issues.



Statistics Canada Value Proposition



Independent

Political independence ensures statistics are neutral, objective, accurate and reliable.



Centralized statistics

Mandate to collect, compile, analyze, abstract and publish data on the economy, environment, people and communities of Canada.



Data integration

Collaborate with other departments, provinces and territories and integrate their data into the statistical system.



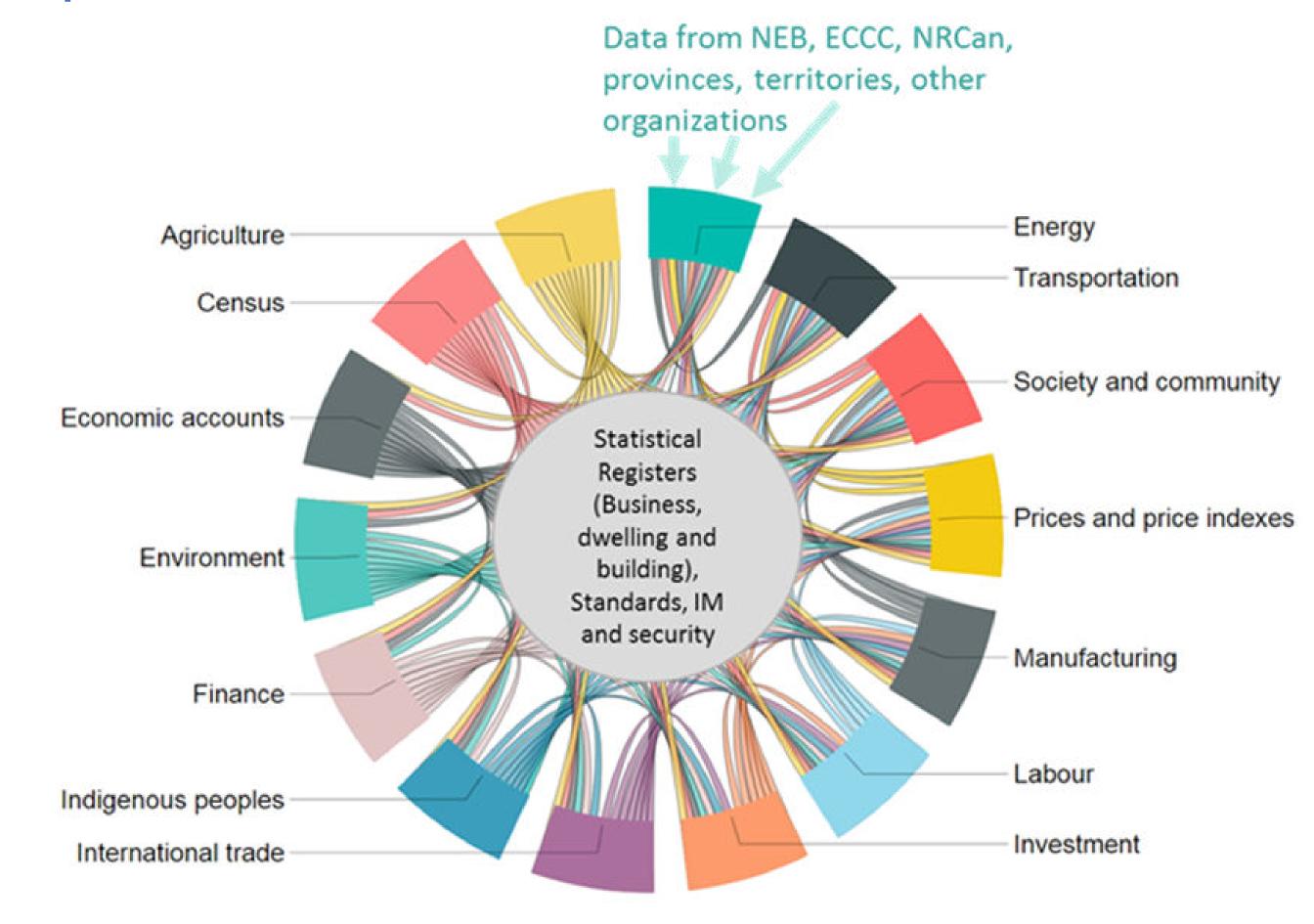
Shared governance

Collaborate with all levels of government and indigenous groups



Minimize burden

Avoidance of unnecessary burden by minimizing duplication in the data collected by governments.





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Vision of the CCEI





Infographics, dashboards and maps



Data with ability to:

- Query
- Manipulate
- Visualize
- Download
- Model and forecast



Analytical products and models such as:

- Supply forecasts
- **GHG** projections
- Provincial profiles
- Market snapshots



Virtual data labs

- Provides remote microdata access
- Collaboration
- Share code



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Better information – Filling data gaps

Energy transition

- Support sound policy on competitiveness and the low carbon transition
- Examples:
- Indicators of progress along four GHG mitigation pathways identified through Generation Energy
- Impact of the transition on workers in fossil fuel jobs

Energy use

- Enable better management of energy demand
- Examples:
 - Improve granularity of energy use data in all end use sectors through small area estimation, use of administrative data, etc.
 - Energy consumption associated with vehicle use

Renewables and electricity

- Support electrification and integration of renewables into the grid
- Examples:
- Data on electricity capacity, generation, and storage
- Real-time electricity consumption data from smart meters

Fossil fuels

- Attract FDI and allow markets to function more efficiently
- Examples:
- New data on natural gas liquids, petrochemicals
- Movements of refined products between regions

Overall energy data

- Broad-based improvements to energy data
- Examples:
- Improve timeliness through 'nowcasting'
- Monthly energy supply and use balances

Modelling and Forecasting



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Standing up the CCEI - Deliverables and Foundational

	June 2020 – Launch Website		
Website user experience	 Modern, user-tested design and layout Energy transformation frame 	Customization to different user type	S
Website content and tools	Data visualizations, infographics, and analytical reports on a range of energy transformation issues	 Expanded dashboards First products related to modelling Secure microdata access Cloud-based collaboration space 	 Data visualization tools Geospatial features Calculators to examine impacts of energy investments, policies, trends
Integrated and improved energy data	 Integration of some federal data that is currently scattered (e.g., NRCan Energy Facts) New data to inform the low-carbon transition Electricity generation from biomass GHG intensity by PT GHGs by commodity More monthly data on energy supply/disposition 	 Continued integration of existing fed Begin and gradually complete integral Address priority data gaps identified 	
Visible -	New website, data, content, and tools		
Less Visible - Foundational work			

Website	Consultations on user types	Roll-out of Sis to align with modernization of StatCan infrastructure	
Integrated data	 Development of common data standards Data integration strategy (metadata, definitions, data management) 	 Prioritization of PT and other external data On the ground work with PTs (e.g., IT specifications, developing concordances) 	
Improved energy data	Gather input on priority data gaps through engagement	Scoping studies, data collection, data integration, etc.	
Modelling products	 Discussion with federal partners Consult with modelling community to identify needs 	 Development of modelling standards & documentation for consensus forecasts 	

Linkage with modelling

- Access to data
 - Data standards and metadata
 - Open data
 - Virtual Data Labs (Research Data Centres)
- Data gaps
- Collaborative space
- Standards for transparency
- Publish results
- Interactive tools





Thank you

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